

# Three-Dimensional 3D Figures

**Solid:** A three-dimensional figure that encloses a \_\_\_\_\_.

Ex. A box of cereal is a solid.

**Polyhedron:** A solid whose \_\_\_\_\_ are all polygons.

Ex. A pyramid is a polyhedron because all of its faces are polygons.

**Face:** A \_\_\_\_\_ surface of a polyhedron.

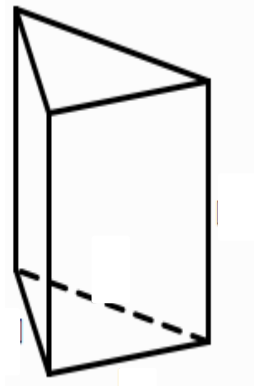
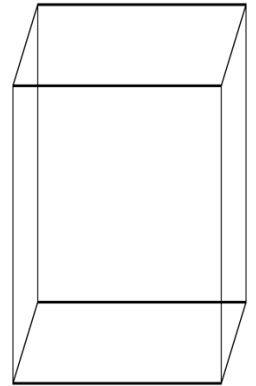
Ex. The front of a house could be a face of a polyhedron.

**Edge:** A \_\_\_\_\_ segment where two \_\_\_\_\_ intersect.

Ex. The perimeter of each face makes the edges to any polyhedron.

**Vertex:** A \_\_\_\_\_ where three or more \_\_\_\_\_ intersect.

Ex. The sharp corners of any box are examples of the vertex.

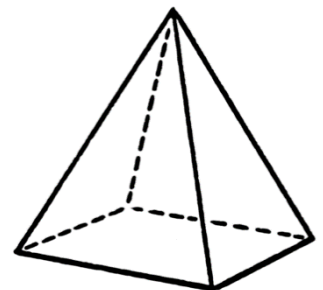


**Prism:** A polyhedron that has two \_\_\_\_\_, identical bases. The \_\_\_\_\_ faces are always parallelograms.

Draw a picture

**Pyramid:** A polyhedron that has \_\_\_\_\_ base. The lateral faces are always \_\_\_\_\_.

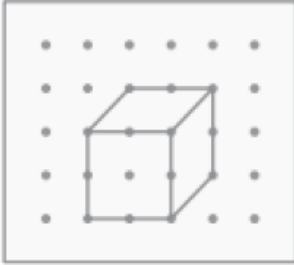
Draw a picture



**Together Examples:** Draw the front, side, and top view of each stack of cubes. Then find the number of cubes in the stack.

Tip: Dot paper can help you draw three-dimensional figures, or solids.

1.



Front-

Side-

Top-

# of Cubes-

2.



Front-

Side-

Top-

# of Cubes-

**Pause and Try:** Draw the front, side, and top view of each stack of cubes. Then find the number of cubes in the stack.

Tip: Dot paper can help you draw three-dimensional figures, or solids.

3.



Front-

Side-

Top-

# of Cubes-

4.



Front-

Side-

Top-

# of Cubes-

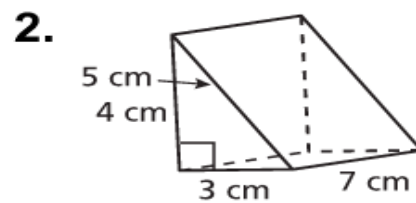
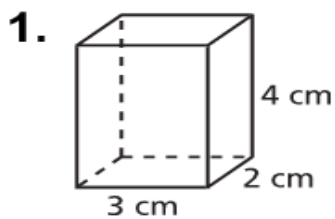
# Surface Area SA of Prisms

**Surface Area:** The \_\_\_\_\_ of a solid is the \_\_\_\_\_ of all the areas of all of its \_\_\_\_\_.

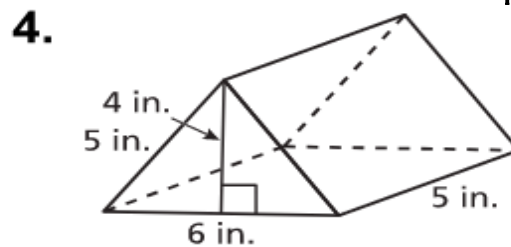
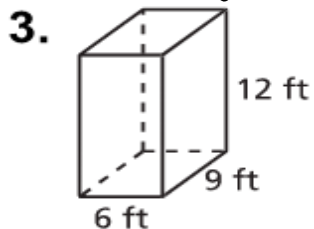
**Net:** A two-dimensional representation of a \_\_\_\_\_. You can use a net to find the \_\_\_\_\_ of a solid.

Find the area of all of the faces and add them all together.

Together Examples: Draw a net of each prism, and then find the area of each prism.



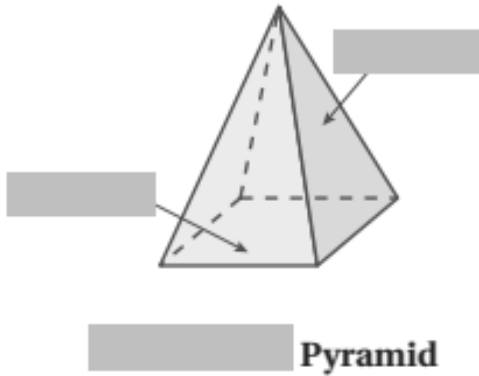
Pause and Try: Draw a net of each prism, and then find the area of each prism.



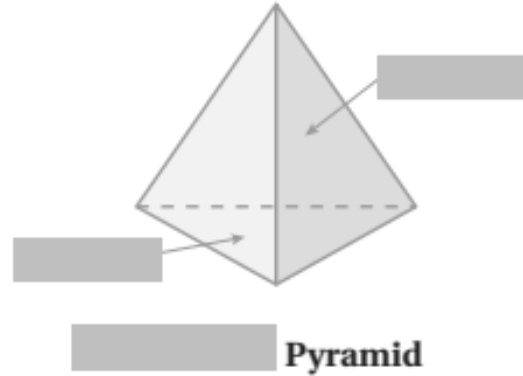
# Surface Area SA of Pyramids

Label one of the faces as a **BASE** and the other as a **LATERAL FACE**. Use the shape of the base to identify the pyramid.

a.



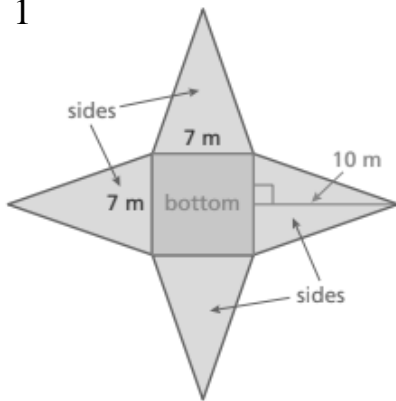
b.



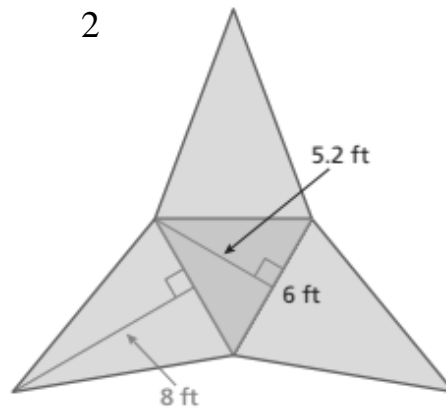
Hint: ALL the \_\_\_\_\_ of a pyramid are \_\_\_\_\_!

Together: Given the net, what is the surface area?

1

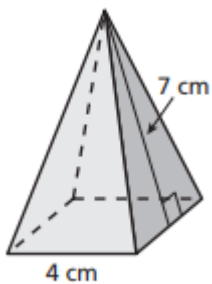


2

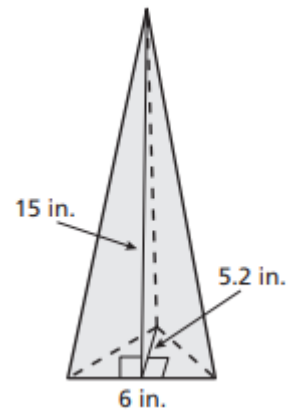


Pause and Try: Draw the net and find the SA.

1



2



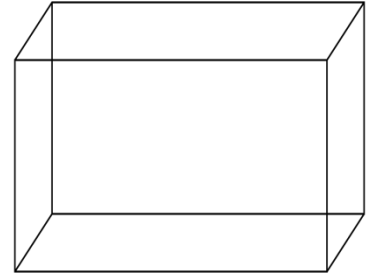
# Volume of Rectangular Prisms

Volume:

Formula for Volume

Area of Base x Height

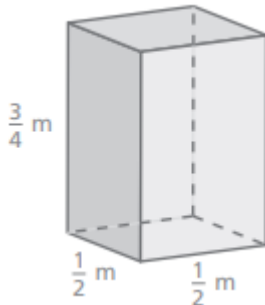
$$V = l \times w \times h$$



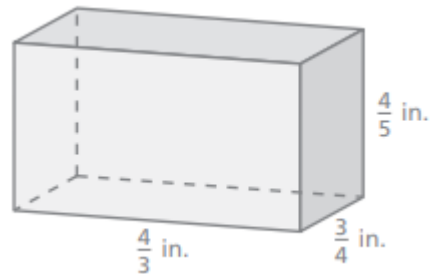
Hint: Volume is always \_\_\_\_\_. Example:

Together:

1

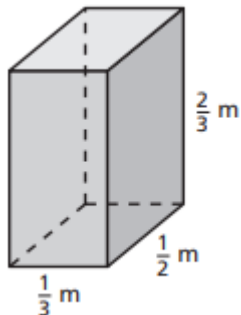


2



Pause and Try:

1



2

