

Area of Parallelograms

polygon

parallelogram

area

Formulas:

Rectangle

A=

Parallelogram

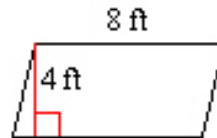
A=

Square

A=

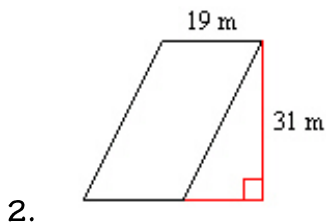
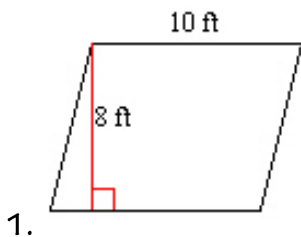
Steps:

1. Write the _____.
2. Substitute.
3. _____!

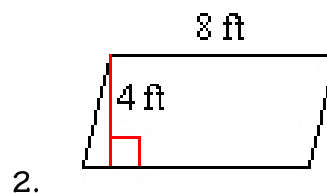
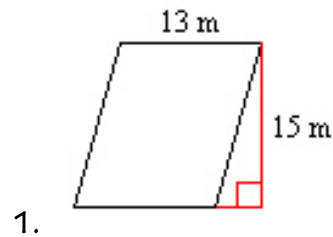


** The height is the distance from the top to the bottom and is connected by a right angle!

Together:



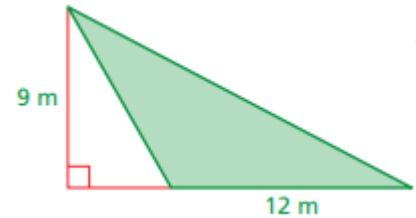
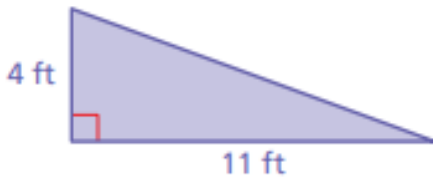
Pause and TRY:



Area of Triangles

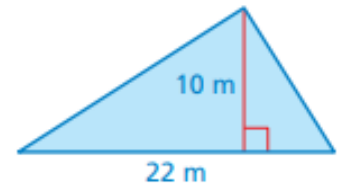
triangle

Formula



Steps:

1. Write the _____.
2. Substitute.
3. _____!



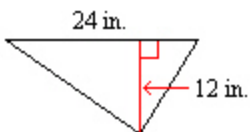
Together: Find the area of the following triangles:

1.



A = _____

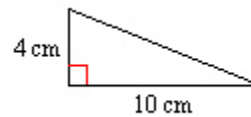
2.



A = _____

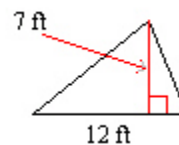
Pause and TRY:

1.



A = _____

2.



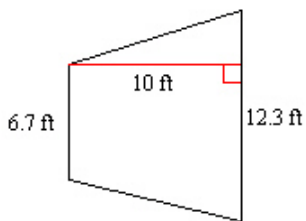
A = _____

Area of Trapezoids

trapezoid

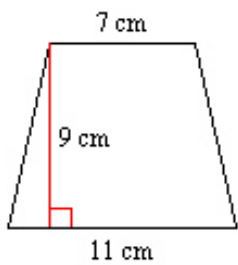
Together: Find the area of the following triangles:

1.



A = _____

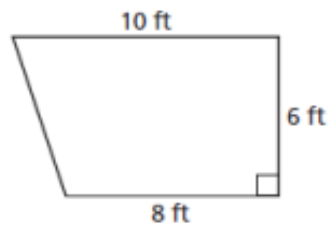
2.



A = _____

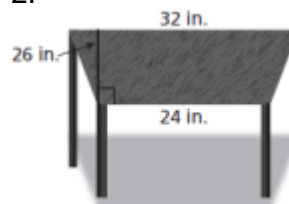
Pause and TRY:

1.



A = _____

2.



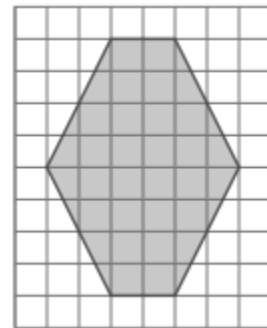
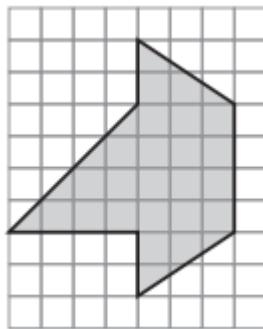
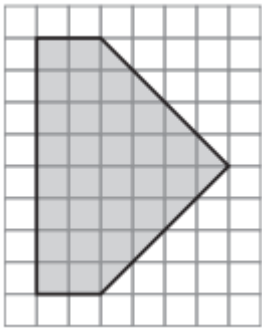
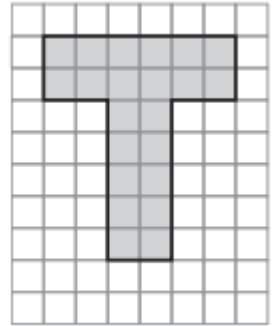
A = _____

Area of Composite Figures

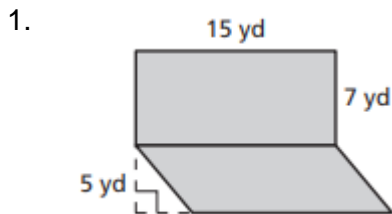
composite figure

Steps:

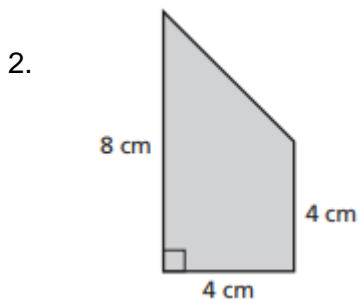
1. _____ the composite figure into smaller _____.
Look for _____ you already know how to find.
2. Find the _____ of those shapes.
3. _____ them together.



Together: Find the area of the following figures:

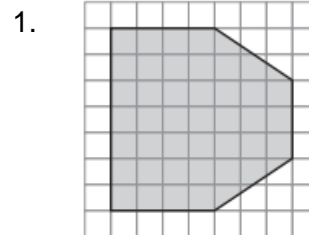


A = _____

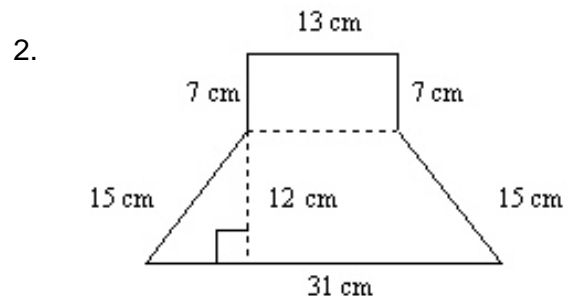


A = _____

Pause and TRY:



A = _____



A = _____

POLYGONS in the COORDINATE PLANE

coordinate plane

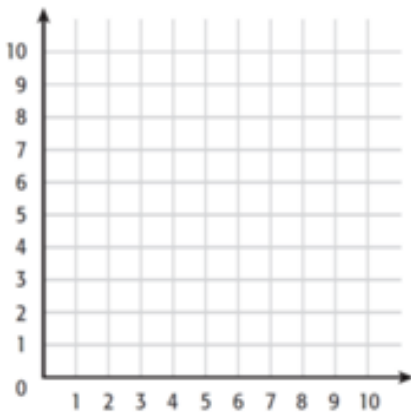
vertex (vertices)

Steps:

1. _____ and _____ the vertices.
2. _____ the points to form a _____.

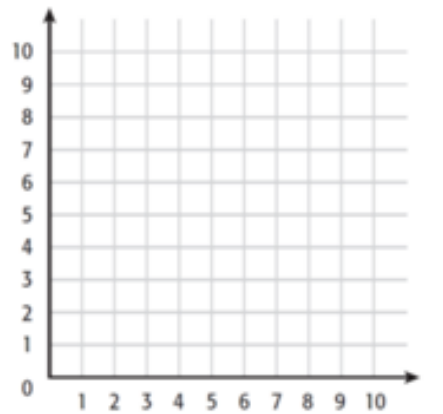
1. $J(1,2), K(7,2), L(7,8), M(1,8)$

2. $G(0,4), H(0,6), J(9,6), K(9,4)$



perimeter: _____

area: _____



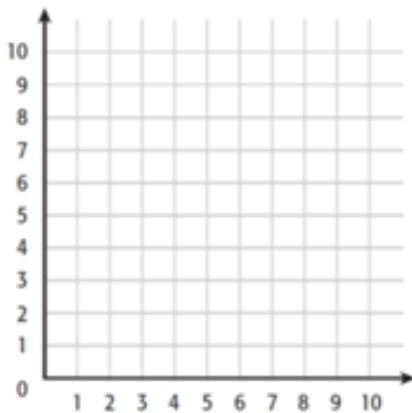
perimeter: _____

area: _____

Pause and Try:

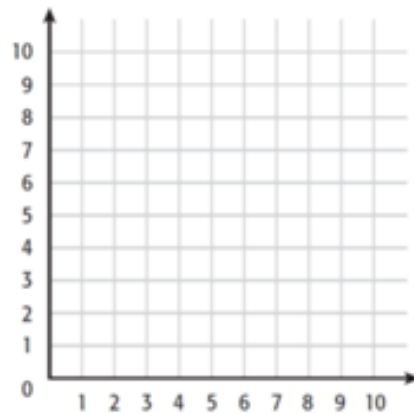
1. $N(0,2), P(5,2), Q(5,5), R(0,5)$

2. $C(1,1), D(1,4), E(4,4), F(4,1)$



perimeter: _____

area: _____



perimeter: _____

area: _____